

ITCHING SKIN DISEASES

SWIFT CURE TREATMENT for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin and scalp diseases with loss of hair. Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, gentle applications of CUTICURA (ointment), and full doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood purifiers and humor cures.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER & CO., CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston, Mass. "How to Cure Itching Skin Diseases" free.

RED ROUGH HANDS Softened and Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

THE SCOTTISH CHIEF

\$1.00 A YEAR.

Is published at Maxton, N. C., the railroad center of Robeson county, which is the largest county in the state, and has the largest capitalization of any agricultural county—over \$100 per capita. The SCOTTISH CHIEF publishes a wide range of local news, besides state and national news of interest, and pays special attention to items and notes of interest to people of Scottish descent. A VALUABLE ADVERTISING MEDIUM. The Job Work Department turns out neat Job Work at competitive prices. Persons looking for valuable farm lands in this fertile section should write the editor, J. KIRKLAND HILL, Maxton, N. C.

The protest from the Japanese is considered in a more serious light than was at first made apparent, and the committee took exceptional precautions to prevent the publication of its proceedings. The protest was accepted as almost an ultimatum on Japan's part to the effect that the treaty must not be perfected. It is not a protest against the form of the document, as had been supposed in some quarters, but against the document itself, or rather against the transaction, as being opposed to the interests of the United States.

The specific reason alleged for the protest is that the consummation of the agreement between Hawaii and the United States would disturb the existing trade relations of the north Pacific and nullify treaty rights.

The protest is in such definite terms and is directed so squarely at the transaction as to cause the committee to feel that the entire matter should be handled with the utmost circumspection, as the only way in which complications of a serious nature can be avoided. While there is no disposition on the part of a majority of the committee to weaken, in its support of the treaty, there is a general feeling that the friendly relations which have always existed between Japan and the United States call for great deliberation and special care in proceeding in the matter.

The opinion was expressed in the committee that a document of the character of that filed by Japan would, if presented by a nation more nearly the equal of the United States, lead to very serious difficulties, but there is a general desire to extend unusual consideration toward the Asiatic state, not only because of the uniformly friendly relations existing between that country and this, but also because it is felt that Japan success in her war with China may have had the effect of arousing a spirit of combativeness which is not warranted in the opinion of the members of the committee by her relative size and importance as compared with the United States.

Three Boys Drowned. Canajoharie, N. Y., June 23.—Clarance Ireland, 17 years of age, James Christian and James Patton, each 14 years old, were drowned in the Mohawk river today. The boys lived at Palatine Bridge, and with Henry Shafer, 15 years old, went bathing in the river. Shafer was the only one of the party who was rescued.

Mr. James S. Harrison, a well-known and highly respected citizen of Cleveland, O., was for years a sufferer from dyspepsia and general debility, and in his weakened condition, resulting from the above causes, he had the additional ill-luck to fall a victim to malaria from this complication of disorders. Mr. Harrison's condition was becoming very serious, when he commenced to take P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Its effects were marked and immediate. Read his letter to us. Its earnestness is apparent.

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My system was also full of malaria and my condition was growing very serious; I had no appetite, was losing strength and was completely broken down in health, but now my health is completely restored, and I can eat like a field laborer, without the slightest fear of any serious results.

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JAPAN'S PROTEST

Against Annexation of Hawaii Almost an Ultimatum—Its Terms Causes the Senate Foreign Committee to Exercise Extreme Caution in the Matter

Washington, June 23.—The Hawaiian annexation treaty formed the principal topic of consideration by the senate committee on foreign relations at its brief session today. The treaty and accompanying papers were read and referred to a sub-committee, consisting of Senators Davis, Foraker and Morgan, with instructions to investigate the entire question and report to the full committee. The papers read included the protest made by Japan against the annexation.

The sub-committee will consider all the complications likely to grow out of annexation, including those referring to the trade relations of the islands. This will involve a study of all of Hawaii's treaties with other countries. The inquiry necessarily will require considerable time and no effort will be made by the full committee to take the subject up until the sub-committee shall be able to report on all the details. The realization of this fact has led the members of the committee to conclude that it is improbable that the committee as a whole will be able to pass upon the subject during the present session. Comparatively little was said bearing upon the merits of the treaty at today's meeting but the few utterances that were heard sustained the estimation of the committee, namely, that at least eight of the eleven members would favor ratification. There is a possibility that the number may be increased to nine.

The protest from the Japanese is considered in a more serious light than was at first made apparent, and the committee took exceptional precautions to prevent the publication of its proceedings. The protest was accepted as almost an ultimatum on Japan's part to the effect that the treaty must not be perfected. It is not a protest against the form of the document, as had been supposed in some quarters, but against the document itself, or rather against the transaction, as being opposed to the interests of the United States.

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HON. W. J. BRYAN

THE SUBJECT OF DISCUSSION IN THE SENATE.

Senators Allen and Butler Refute the Charges Against Him by Professor Bateman—His Attitude on the Tariff Discussed on a Peculiar Point Made by Senator Hoar—A Bill for Annexation of Hawaii Introduced—Progress on the Wool Schedule.

Washington, June 23.—Immediately after the prayer, Senator Allen, of Nebraska, arose to a question of personal privilege in connection with the conduct of the last campaign. There was much interest in the statement, as Senator Allen was chairman of the populist national convention. He read a published press dispatch from Lewiston, Me., stating that Professor L. C. Bateman, candidate of the people's party of Maine, for governor last year, was out in an attack on William J. Bryan, to the effect that Mr. Bryan's gift of \$1,500 to the populist national committee was with the distinct understanding that no action against fusion should be taken by the populist national convention. Senator Allen made a sweeping denial. He said Mr. Bryan had determined to divide the royalties on his book, and in doing so he allotted \$1,500 to the populist party. The draft was sent to Senator Allen, but the chairman of the populist national committee (Senator Butler, of North Carolina) declined to accept it. Thereupon, at the suggestion of Mr. Bryan, Senator Allen invested the amount in the interest of the bimetallic cause. Senator Allen declared that the statement that any agreement existed as to fusion in connection with the gift was "an absolute and unqualified falsehood." There has never been, he declared, an attempt to fuse the parties, either nationally or locally. Senator Allen also specifically denied the statement that Mr. Bryan forced his (Allen's) name to the list appended to the letter of notification. The senator closed with a high tribute to Mr. Bryan and an arraignment of Professor Bateman.

Senator Butler stated briefly that the offer was made to him, but he felt impelled to decline it. He approved Mr. Bryan's motive, but felt that the acceptance might be open to misconception. The offer had been made, he said, without any condition, express or implied.

The consideration of the wool schedule of the tariff was then resumed. Paragraph 357, relating to third class wools, was taken up. There was considerable opposition to the proposed rates, the debate being largely on technical lines relative to grades of wool.

Senator Quay moved to disagree to the committee amendments to paragraph 357. He related to third class wools, at a value of 10 cents per pound, valued at 13 cents or less. The committee rate was 4 cents per pound on third class wools valued at 10 cents or less. The effect of Senator Quay's motion would be to go back to the house rate of 32 per cent. ad valorem.

At this point Senator Morgan, of Alabama, secured recognition for the introduction of a bill to regulate the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. Without comment the bill was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Referring to the wool debate, Senator Hoar pointed out that there was not a majority in the senate favorable to that doctrine of protection supported by the republican party. It became necessary, therefore, to secure the cooperation of those who had supported a man for the presidency, who, if elected, would pledge to veto a tariff bill.

Senator Hoar said Mr. Bryan's record in the house of representatives would throw some light on the subject. "He was pledged to veto a tariff bill," he had carried out in triumph Mr. Wilson who had denounced protection as robbery; he had himself denounced protection as a robbery.

"I have a good deal of respect for Mr. Bryan," continued Senator Hoar. "His character has impressed me very favorably and I have never joined in criticisms upon him, but if he would not veto a tariff bill after such utterances, I would not have much respect for him."

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, thought the criticisms of Mr. Bryan were unfair. For, said the senator, an examination of Mr. McKinley's record would show him to have voted for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Senator Stewart stated that during the consideration of the Bland-Allison act, Mr. McKinley had voted at every stage "with the most radical and extreme of the silver men."

Evans as late as 1890, Mr. McKinley had made a speech at Toledo, denouncing Mr. Cleveland for discriminating between the two metals. The senator caused a laugh as he closed by saying very earnestly that it "was no use criticizing Mr. Bryan, as he's going to be the next president."

The vote was then taken on Senator Quay's motion to table the committee amendments to paragraph 357, and it was rejected—19 to 41.

Senator Quay moved an amendment increasing the committee rate from 10 to 12 cents per pound—disagreed to without division.

Paragraph 358 was also agreed to as reported, fixing the rate of third class wool valued over 10 cents per pound at 7 cents per pound. A new paragraph was substituted, on motion of Senator Allison, giving a uniform duty of 30 cents per pound on top waste, slubbing waste, roving waste, ring waste and garnetted waste.

A new paragraph was substituted for 359, making the duty on wools on the skin 1 cent less per pound than on other wools of the same class and condition.

Another new paragraph, 360A, provides a duty on shoddy of 25 cents per pound, on noils and other waste, not provided for, 20 cents per pound.

Senator Vest here interposed a motion to strike out the entire wool schedule up to the point reached, covering the paragraph on raw wool—disagreed

to, 19 to 33. Senator McEnery, democrat, and Senators Teller and Mantle, voted with the republicans against the motion.

Paragraph 361, (ags), and 362, (wool and hair), were agreed to as reported.

On paragraph 363, (wool yarns), Senator Jones moved a proviso that the rate shall not go into effect until twelve months after the act goes into operation—agreed to, 19 to 27.

Senator Jones moved an amendment to paragraph 364, limiting its provisions to cloth, etc., of which wool is the chief component material, in place of "wholly or in part of wool."

Senator Allison urged that the phraseology had been in use satisfactorily for twenty years.

The paragraph finally went over without a vote on Senator Jones' amendment and at 5:20 o'clock p. m. the senate held an executive session, and adjourned soon after.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

State Ticket Nominated and Senator Hanna Endorsed for Both Terms—Peace Between Hanna and Bushnell

Toledo, Ohio, June 23.—The republican state convention completed its work today in a session of less than four hours. While there had been a hard fight for two days for the control of the state central committee, there was every appearance of harmony and enthusiasm today. The two contested districts were decided in favor of the Dick candidates and this showed that the state committee stood for the Dick party.

For District No. 1, Senator Hanna was not only congratulated for his result, but all the delegates were seeking admittance to his apartments for conferences.

Governor Bushnell not only accepted the situation completely before the convention assembled by having friendly consultations with Senator Hanna, but he also made a strong speech of acceptance in the convention. When Governor Bushnell declared: "In spite of the statements of the democratic press, I accept, there was a loud demonstration. In the organization of the state central committee in the afternoon, Governor Bushnell named Senator Hanna while Senator Hanna selected the chairman and secretary.

Senator Hanna returned to Cleveland this afternoon and will soon be back in Washington. Governor Bushnell remains here till tomorrow. The two leaders had a friendly meeting before separating, and they also made a joint statement, in which they agreed to support the organization of the state executive committee.

The feature of the convention was the speech of Senator Hanna. He declared that the republican party was the only party that stood for the preservation of the union and the maintenance of the constitution. He declared that the republican party was the only party that stood for the preservation of the union and the maintenance of the constitution.

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WILMINGTON MARKETS.

COTTON REPORT.

Wilmington, N. C., June 23.

Receipts of cotton today, — bales.

Receipts to same date last year, — bales.

This season's receipts to date—23,227 bales.

Receipts to same date last year—17,001 bales.

The quotations posted at 4 o'clock today at the exchange.

Cotton steady.

Good ordinary..... 5 1/2

Low middling..... 5 1/4

Middling..... 5 3/4

Good middling..... 5 1/2

Prices same day last year, 7 1/2 to 15 1/2.

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits turpentine—Machine barrels steady at 24 1/2; country barrels steady at 24 1/2.

Rosin firm at \$1.25 and \$1.30.

Tar firm at \$1.40.

Crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.30; yellow dip \$1.30; virgin \$1.30.

Prices same day last year—Spirits turpentine 23 1/2 and 23 1/2; rosin \$1.25 and \$1.30; tar \$1.40; crude turpentine \$1.30 and \$1.30.

Receipts today—41 casks spirits turpentine, 53 barrels rosin, 15 barrels tar, 27 barrels crude turpentine.

Receipts for the same date last year—146 casks spirits turpentine, 612 barrels rosin, 41 barrels tar, 127 barrels crude turpentine.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

FINANCIAL.

New York, June 23.—Money on call easy at 10 1/2; last loan at 11, closed at 10 1/2; 10 per cent. prime mercantile paper 3 1/2; 10 per cent. sterling exchange firm, very dull, with actual business in bankers bills at \$187 1/2 for 60 days. Posted rates \$187 1/2 for 60 days, \$188